EXPLOSION SEALS 60

BELIEVED MANY MINERS ARE DEAD IN DELAGUA (COL.) MINE SHAFT.

FIFTY MAY HAVE ESCAPED

Force of Blast Felt Four Miles Away-Rescue Parties Are Rushed to Scene-Mouth of Main Slope Badly Caved. *

Trinidad, col.—Sixty or more miners were entombed and may be dead as a result of an explosion Tuesday in Mine No. 3 of the Victor American Fuel company at Delageia, 20 miles northeast of Trinidad. Three men were killed at the mine's mouth.

Fifty of the men in the wrecked mine are reported to have escaped through entry No. 2. Two of the men who were in the mine at the time of the accident have been taken out. They were unable to tell anything that would lead to the belief that their comrades are still alive.

The force of the explosion was felt at Hastings, four miles down the canyon, and the news of the disaster spread rapidly. Rescue car of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company was manned with a force of 73 trained rescuers and taken by special engine to the scene.

W. S. Getchel, general manager of the Colorado division, was at Gray Creek when notified of the disaster and left at once in an automobile and is in personal charge of the rescue work. The mouth of the main slope is badly caved and recuers are directing their efforts to reaching the entombed men through the rear of

No. 2 mine. Two of the men injured at the south of the mine were brought to the local hospital in a serious condition. Officials seem to be unable to state how many men were in the mine.

BRANDS DR. COOK A SWINDLER

Rasmussen Sends Report From Far North-Eskimos Say Traveler Did Not Reach Pole.

Copenhagen, Denmark.-Knud Ras-

Rasmussen incloses a narrative given by the two Eskimos who accompanied Doctor Cook and Commander Robert E. Peary on their recent arctic expeditions in which they declare that Doctor Cook journeyed in a circle and did not reach the north

The explorer writes in part as follows:

"Already in the fall of 1939, when I was on an expedition to Greenland there existed grave doubts as to whether Doctor Cook had been near the north pole and I made up my mind to secure through thoroughly disinterested people a bona-fide report of his Eskimo fellow travelers, Itsukusuk and Apilak.

"These young men belong to a tribe near Smith sound, the members of They possess no written language and therefore I had to get somebody to write down the young men's report. mann Rosebach, both born in Greenland and newly-arrived missionaries to this tribe, did the writing. Fura copper mine in Greenland, a man tion, was chairman of the comnamed Nyboe, assistance in getting mittee. the report. In the fall I forwarded a letter from South Greenland by sledge to the missionary station and the letter reached its destination in the

"On my arrival at North Star bay this summer I found the report-in the Eskimo language awaiting me containing the narrative given Doctor Cook's companions to Rev. Mr. Olsen. I myself have not seen the young men since they returned with Doctor Cook, but I know them from earlier times. They are clever and trustworthy men and I consider their report, obtained by wholly disinterested persons, on the question of the reaching of the north pole by Doctor Cook, more valuable than any I my self could have obtained."

CIVIL WAR IN HONDURAS

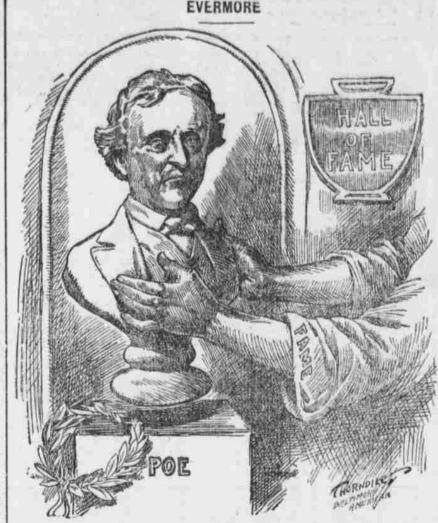
President Davila Will Probably Ap peal to U. S. to Take Charge of Affairs.

San Salvador.-A general rebellion has broken out in Honduras and in surgents are gathering in the interior according to reliable dispatches received here. It is likely that President Davila will appeal to the United States or the Cartago court to take charge of his administration, as his government is in no condition to meet a crisis at this time.

Marks Birthday by \$50,000 Gift.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.-John Bigelow the veteran diplomat and author, who will celebrate his ninety-third birthday this month, Monday presented to his native village of Malden on the Hudson, in bonor of the occasion, a recreation hall and li-\$50,000

Japs to Seek South Pole. New York.-The explorers' club was notified Monday that a Japanese expedition to the south pole will leave Tokyo November 15.



RAILWAY EMPLOYES WILL BAL LOT WHET IER TO STRIKE OR NOT.

SIXTY-ONE ROADS INVOLVED

Negotiations That Have Been in Broken Off-Men Demand 15 Per Cent. Raise in Pay.

Chicago.-According to the grani officers of the Brotherhood of Lo motive Engineers, for whom Grand Chief Warren S. Stone of Cleveland, mussen, the Danish explorer, brands O., was the spokesman, a strike of Dr. Frederick A. Cook as a swindler all railroad engineers upon the sixtyin a communication sent to his wife one roads running north, south and west of Chicago January next.

> According to Mr. Stone, and admitted by rallroad representatives, conferences were begun between a committee from the engineers and the Western Managers' association September 26, and nearly twenty-five ses sions have been held since, and Morday all negotiations were broken off as the last amicable arrangement of differences was declared to be unac-

The union committee was composed ficers, and the railroads, sixty-one in number, were represented by a conference committee of ten, being Gen BLIZZARD TIES UP THE EAST eral Manager F. E. Ward, Burlington road; F. C. Bachelder, first vice-president B. & O. C. T.; F. Durham of the which still live the life of savages. M., K. & T.; G. H. Emerson, assistant general manager G. N.: T. J. Foley assistant general manager I. C.; F. C. Fox, general superintendent mo-Rev. Gustav Olsen and Kateket Sech- tive power C. P. R.; H. J. Simmons, general manager E. P. & S. W., and A. W Trenholm, general manager C., M. & St. P. W. B. Scott, assistant ther, I received from the manager of director of maintenance and opera-

> The engineers presented a demand for an increase of 15 per cent. in salaries, together with a number of arrangements improving conditions, off from New York during a greater The railroad men offered compromises part of the day, the conditions being which were refused, and the word was | not unlike those prevailing during the taken back to the local unions to vote whether or not to strike. The reply will be brought back by December 15. The present working agreement in force can be terminated on thirtydays' notice. The brotherhood contains 60,000 members in the United States, Canada and Mexico, and 33. 780 engineers will be affected on the lines in dispute.

DR. CRIPPEN GAINS DELAY

Convicted Slayer of Belle Elmore Given Lease of Life While Attorney Prays for Reprieve.

London, England.-It was announced officially Monday that Dr. Hawley H. death for the murder of his wife, would not be executed Tuesday as originally arranged, as the law provides that two weeks must elapse between the dismissal of an appeal and the carrying out of the sentence.

November 23 has been fixed upon as the date of the execution. Bolicitor Newton, Crippen's counsel, is drafting a petition for a reprieve.

Blast Bank: Steal \$2,000.

Toledo, O .- After blowing a portion of the vault through the ceiling with nitroglycerin, cracksmen secured \$2,-000 from the Southern bank, a private institution of Jerry City, O., 33 miles from Toledo, Tuesday. The robbers near the water front, when another escaped in an automobile.

Illino's Bank is Robbed. Champaign.-The vault of the bank of Penfield, Champaign county, was entered Tuesday and 1900 in stamps a game of pool Tuesday and Singledeposited by the postmaster for safe | ton was killed by Fitchinger, who keeping were taken.

TIDAL WAVES SWEEPS NOME

VOLCANO ON BOGOSLOV ISLAND BELIEVED THE CAUSE

No Wind Blowing When Sea Rushes In, Wrecking Houses and Flooding Streets.

Nome, Alaska.—Seventeen houses vere destroyed, a number of vessels were washed away and the streets of the city filled with water when an un-Progress Since September 26 Are precedented and mysterious surf swept in from the ocean.

It is believed by many here that the high sea, which was not accompanied by any wind, is due to volcanic activity, and it is thought that Bogoslov Island, the "new island" Behring sea, is to blame for the tidal wave. Bogoslov is an "intermittent island;" sometimes it is twins and sometimes it is single. Again it is large, and then the next ship that passes may report that it has dwindled to a mere volcanic speck in the

Bogoslov, it is thought, ma, have doubled again or may have blown itself to nothing, sending the tidal waves which all but inundated Nome. For several years the water here has been remarkably low, and this resulted in the building of houses close to the shore. It was these that were swept away by the sea.

No lives were lost, but many per sons had narrow escapes. The water of fifty-two general chairman from all swept far up the streets, those near over the sountry, with six grand if the shore being completed inundated.

Towns Are Isolated and Railroads Blocked by Storm From the Atlantic-Snow 3 Feet Deep.

New York.-A storm of midwinter intensity rode up the Atlantic coast on a gale Friday that left 21 inches of snow in places in Pennsylvania. wrecked telephone and telegraph wires everywhere and tied up hundreds of miles of electric car lines. Sleet and snow caused much wire rouble between New York, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Scranton and Harrisburg.

Washington was almost entirely cut storm of March 4, 1909.

A 50-mile gale sweeping Mineola aviation field brought damage to six aeroplaues and wrecked six of nine

tents ere ted for the air men. Terrific gales, driving snow and sleet across the Hudson and turning the Palisades into a typical winter landscape, marked the progress of the storm for many miles north of Newburg, while down the bay and outside Sandy Hook the storm was so severe as to cause ocean liners to be delayed and serious damage to the steamship Honduras of the Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique.

The snow in eastern Pennsylvania was reported at from eighteen inches to three feet deep. Five of the seven collieries of the Surquehanna Coal company in the Shamokin district had Orippen, convicted and sentenced to to suspend operations on account of the storm.

The snowstorm extended to Harris burg on the west, but in damaging proportions did not come further east than New Brunswick, N. J. In Philadelphia a high northwest

wind sweeping through the streets at from 30 to 40 miles an hour came as a climax to the storm of rain, sleet and snow that swept the city for 35 hours.

Twelve Injured in an Explosion. New York.-Twelve men are under the care of Brooklyn physicians as the result of a boiler explosion Tuesday. The men were working on a "dead" boiler in an electric lighting plant boiler ten feet away exploded.

Killed Over a Pool Game, Evansville, Ind .- Edward Singleton and Joseph Fitchinger quarreled over used brass knuckles.

PEAGE PLANS ARE REFUSED STATE'S GROP VALUE

STRIKING GARMENT WORKERS REPUDIATE AGREEMENT.

Citizens' Committee Declares Tallors' Strike is Justified After Investigation of Trouble.

Chicago. - Just when everybody thought peace was in sight the 40,000 striking garment workers turned down almost unanimously an arbitration agreement signed by Thomas A. Rickert, president of their national union, and officers of one of the largest firms concerned in the walkout.

The rejection of the agreement puts the strike back where it was before the peace negotiations were started. Simultaneous with the rejection of peace terms the committee of citize a interested in the strike-several of them social settlement workers-issued a report covering a week's investigation of the strike troubles.

The report declared the walkout justified on the grand of numerous grievances existing in the various establishments. The investigators found the strike was spontaneous in origin and not the result of dissension spread by union agitators.

The report closed by recommending a union or shop organization of the employes for the purpose of dealing collectively with the employers in the adjustment of possible future disturb-

The effect of the report undoubted ly will be to encourage the strikers to hold out for recognition of the union and for the closed shop as a condition for the termination of the strike

DEITZ GIVES \$40,000 BAIL

He is Released But Rearrested on Charge of Attempting to Shoot Man in 1904.

Hayward. Wis .- Attorneys Zabe and Schultz, head of the Deltz defense committee, arrived here Monday from Eau Claire, where they received Judge Wickham's approval of the bonds of

The bond was approved and recorded after which procedure Deitz was notified that for a time at least he was again a free man. His wife and Clarence were overjoyed and quickly bringing his overcoat, Clarence assisted his father to put it on and stepped out on the porch of the jail. However, his period of freedom was very short. Barely had the overcoat been placed on him, when Sheriff Madden read a warrant to him for the alleged attempted shooting of Patrick McGin on May 8, 1904, and once fender was placed behind the

IOWA LOSES IN POPULATION

Decrease of 1,082 Shown by Census Returns-Result Is No Surprise to Officials.

Washington. -- The population of Iowa is 2,224,771, according to the enumeration in the thirteenth census. This is a decrease of 7.082, or 0.3 per cent, under 2,231,853 in 1900. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 319,572, or 16.7 per cent.

The decrease did not surprise census burea officials, as it was in line with what was expected in the agricultural regions of the middle west. Unless the present basis of apportionment is retained it is probable that Iowa will lose one of her 11 members of congress.

Director Durand attributes the fall ing off to the fact that the land already is fully occupied and a general tendency toward larger farms. He says a growth cannot be expected unless there is a change to more intensive cultivation.

65 MILES IN 66 MINUTES

Aeronaut Flies Across Country with Cargo of Silk in Fastest Time a Biplane Ever Made.

Columbus, O .- Phil O. Parmelee one of the Wright brothers' aeroplane operators, made the fastest cross-country flight ever made in a biplane. He flew from Dayton to Columbus, passing over South Charleston and London. The air line distance as given by the Wrights is sixty-five miles. The flight was made at a height of 3,000

feet in sixty-six minutes. Parmalco carried \$1,000 worth of silk for a dry goods firm. It is said this is the first time the biplane has been put to such commercial use.

Fate is Decided by Cards. St. Louis. - After a game of solstaire, had decided; his fate, Charles W. Eggers, twenty-nine years old, ended his life by awallowing a mixture of carbolic seid and wood alcohol. Eggers took the fatal mixture when the ace and nine of spades, which he considered the worst cards in the deck, came out while he was playing a game of cards to which he had de-

Caught Printing Pay Ci.ooks. Salt Lake City - While in the act of & Quincy pay checks at an engraving plant, F. H. Reckmeyer, a printer, and Elmer Peterson, a boy of seventeen, were arrested here Tuesday.

termined to leave the question of life

or death, and blocked further play.

Coronation Band Leader Dead. Scattle, Wash.-Thomas Cannell, leader of a band at the coronation of Queen Victoria, died here Tuesday in his ninety-sixth year, leaving 89 descendants, including seven great quieted him with threats. great-grandchildren.

LABOR BUREAU FIGURES IT AT \$220,000,000.

he Value of This Crop in Nebraska for 1910 Placed at Nearly \$80,000,000.

"Despite the blue outlook in the spring, and especially during the middle of the summer season, Nebraska again comes to the front with big crops this year," said Deputy Labor Commissioner Maupin.

the crop statistics, and we find that the nine principal agricultural crops cattle-feeding uses-means that a this year total approximately \$220. low price level is inevitable. 000,000 in value.

"The corn crop of 1910 amounted to 178,823,128 bushels, an increase of 9,-743,591 bushels over 1909. The value of this years corn crop is \$87,877,346. "The winter wheat yield this year

was 80,617,535 bushels, a decrease from 1909 of 5,827,200 bushels. The value of this year's wheat crop is \$36,-

"The spring wheat y'eld this year was 4,533,517 bushels, an increase of 664,652 bushels over 1909. The value or the spring wheat crop this year is

"The 1910 yield of wild and tame my, not including alfalfa, was 2,111,-294 tons, a decrease of 1,141,946 tons from 1909, which is easily explained by the unfavorable weather conditions during the season when hay soould be making its best growth. The increased price, however, more than compensates for the shorter crop, the value this year being \$37,336,728, or nearly \$8,000,000 more than last year.

Alfalfa Crop.

"The alfalfa crop amounted to 1,863,681 tons, a decrease of 8,889 tons from last year. This year's alfalfa crop is worth \$28,255,215.

"This was Nebraska's banner oats year, the total yield being 71,502,877 bushels, worth \$17,989,696 Last year's oats crop amounted to 59,653,479 bush-

"The rye crop amounted to 823,648 bushels, worth \$493,559.

The barley crop amounted to 2,333, 199 bushels, worth \$1,073,271 "The potato crop this year is short, amounting to 3,330,198 bushels, worth more the famous Cameron Dam de \$1 a bushel now-and bound to go up. "The sugar beet crop shows an in-

crease of 120 per cent over 1909, the production this year amounting to 105,369 tons, worth \$526,854. "There were 1,149,028 bushels

speltz, 154,018 tons of millet, 174,154 tons of sorghum came and 18,042 tons of kaffir corn.

"The department did not take the manufacturing statistics this year, having co-operated with the government census bureau and thus avoiding the duplication of the work. There are plenty of evidences at hand to show a healthy increase of production over the previous year, and it is safe to say that Nebraska's total manufactured output during the last year is upwards of \$250,000,060.

Live Stock Gratifying.

"The live stock figures for 1910 are gratifying. The total valuation for the year is \$174,983,050.

"During the period covered by the report just completed the grand total of Nebraska's output-grain, hay, live stock, buttter, eggs, poultry, miscellas ous crops and manufactured proucts will approximate \$680,000,000. I do not believe the state has ever had a better year ,taking everything as a whole."

Deep Waterways Convention.

One request from a Lincoln citizen o be appointed as a delegate to the lakes-to-the-gulf deep waterways convention, to be held in St. Louis on November 25 and 26, has been received by Mayor Love. The mayor is authorized to appoint ten delegates to attend the convention. This being the number to be sent from cities of between 20,000 and 50,000 population. C. H. Tedd of Elm Creek, Neb., has written the mayor that he would like to be appointed a delegate, but from the instructions received Mr. Love is of the opinion that he must appoint the delegates from Lincoln.

The Kidnaping of Miss Wood.

In an effort to arouse the United States state department to an investieation of the kidnaping of Miss Grace Wood, a former Nebraska girl, who nas been a resident in Mexico for the past year, Senator Burkett wired Secretary Knox. The Nebraska senator urged that the department look into the matter with all possible expediency.

Convict Attempts Escape. Elliott, a convict from Douglas

county, who lacks four years of havprinting forged Chicago, Burlington ing served out a fifteen-year term for burglary, made an attempt to escape Elliott had been working as a nurse in the hospital which Sunday night contained only one patient, an epileptic. He sawed the bars in the door of the hospital, making the opening in the door through which food is passed large enough to get through. While he was doing this the convict-patient threatened to give alarm, but he

GREAT CORN STATES.

Stands Fourth in

Production. Four states are in a class by themselves in producing corn this year, ac cording to an analysis of the government's crop report for October, which has been subjected by the Bartlett-Frazier company to keen study. These four states are Illinois, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska, which rank in total production of corn in the or-

this year, is sixth in corn. Indiana is fifth with 153,000,000 bushels. Indiana averages 37.98 per acre and Denois has a flat 37. Iowa is 34.6, Missouri is 31 and Nebraska is 25.3. Kansas is only 20.5.

der given. All of them have over

200,000,000 bushels of corn in the

fields this year. Kansas, which is 18,

000,000 below the 200,000,000 mark

Increased Production. Grain dealers may that the report is right when it declares that increased "We have just finished compiling production the whole country considered, and decreased consumption in

On this subject the Bartlett-Frazier

report says:

"In four years out of the five preceding this consumption was practically the same, the fluctuations in supply being equalized by corresponding increases or decreases in final stocks carried over. The exception was in the year 1996-07, when some thing like 250,000,000 bushels more was used than during the other years under review. The records show that this increase in distribution was stimulated by the low range of corn prices. May corn in Chicago ranging between 42 and 50 cents during practically the life of the delivery, the greater part of the time under 45 cents. During the last three years actual consumption was less by about 250,000,000 bushels each year, and coincident with this shortened consumption it may be noted that similar range of the May option was around 60 cents or more.

Woman's Club Meeting. The delegates to the state meeting of woman's clubs returned from Tecumseh, bringing enthusiastic reports of the hospitality received. Two Lincoln women were re-elected to places on the executive board. Mrs. H. M. Bushnell was chosen to serve another term as general federation secretary and Mrs. H. C. Lindsay of Lincoln was re-elected as vice president for the First district. The complete new board follows: President, Mrs. T. J. Gist, Falls City; vice president, Mrs

sponding secretary, Mrs. J. R. Cani. Stella; recording secretary, Mrs. Maybelle Corbett, Atkinson. Information is Wanted. City Clerk Ozman, secretary of the league of Nebraska municipalities, has written the members of the league to find out their attitude on certain questions, among them being a proposed law which would exempt municipal bonds from taxation. Also whether or not it is believed that there should be modifications in the laws regulating the expenditures of the county commissioners of moneys received in the road fund, so that a

the streets of the cities.

Declined the Position. W. J. Furse, secretary to Governor Shallenberger, declined the appointment of railway commissioner to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of W. H. Cowgill. Governor Shallenberger offered the place to Mr. Furse and it was declined because the secretary has made other arrangements which will keep him busy until after the first of the year.

Mr. Thompson's Successor. Arthur Mullen, state oil inspector has been appointed attorney general, to take the place made vacant by the resignation of W. T. Thompson

Treasurer's Monthly Report. The monthly report of State Treas urer L. G. Brian shows that he had on hand October 1, in all funds, \$556, 440.86; receipts during the month \$455.719; payments, \$258,017.97; balance at this time, \$754,141.89. The cash and cash items on hand amount to \$22,271.59; cash on deposit, \$731 870.30.

Must Show Cause. The Missouri Pacific has been ordered by the state railway commis sion to appear November 10 and show cause why the old schedule for train service between Omaha and Falls City should not be resumed. Numerous complaints have been filed with the commission.

Ross is Indicted. James A. Ross was the second man to appear in federal court as the result of the recent session of the grand jury and furnish bond for his appearance in the United States district court to answer the charge of selling

liquor without having paid the gov

ernment tax.

Order to the Railroads. The state railroad commission is sued an order, written by Chairman Clarke, insisting that the railroads comply with the order compelling them to absorb the increased switching charges which the Union Stock Yards company is authorized to make. The railroads pleaded that the commission had not obtained jurisdiction and that consequently the commission had no right to force payment of the increase on the railroads. The commission asserts that it did acquire jurisdiction.

PARIS TO SPEND VAST SUM

All Sorts of Civic Improvements Are Contemplated by the French Motropolis.

The authorities of Paris have deelded upon the most gigantic and comprehensive project of municipal improvement ever undertaken in the world, involving a cost of no less than \$180,000,000. The second largest single expenditure-one-tenth of whole amount-will be devoted to the establishment of new schools and improvements in those already existing. ludging from the record of France in the industrial education, which has no largely contributed to the prosperity, it is probable that a large proportion of these millions will be applied to the extension of the trade

and art schools. This schume for the advancement of educational facilities will be exceeded in cost by only one other single item, that for new water works and the purification of the supply, for which \$25,000,000 is to be appro-

printed. Nearly one-balf of the entire penditure contemplated will be used in various methods for the reconstruction of the planning of the city-it volving changes not only in the avenues, parks, etc., within the city limits, but including similar alterations in the suburbs.

The dread white plague-tubercus losis-will be combated as never bofore in any city, the sum already net apart for this purpose being \$6,000,-000. The sum of \$7,000,000 will also be applied to the contsruction, provement and repair of public hospitals, and \$8,000,000 more to the reconstruction of abattoir, while a still greater amount will be required for the improvement of streets and pavements and for public lighting and street cleaning.

POPULARIZING CIVIC PRIDE

One Achievement of Reform Move-Love of City Less Easily Aroused

Than Love of Country.

Another fruit of preaching and prob-Margaret Stewart, Tecumseh; correing was the development of what may fairly be called a new sentiment. It bigan to dawn upon all of us that we ought to love our cities, as we love home or fatherland, with the love that expresses itself in sacrifice and in the desire to adorn and perfect the object loved. This love of one's city is less easily aroused than the love of country. For one thing, the city lacks the obvious poetry of the countryside, that mystery and glamour of all-enveloping nature which hallows the meanest hamlet. The city at first view seems as prosaic and practical as a mill, Only a deeper insight discloses the full wonder of this great living structure which man has reared for his abode. part of such money may be used on To have popularized that special form the streets of the cities within the of loyalty, which has been named civic pride, is the second achievement of the reform movement, Probably every great community has inspired this sentiment among its inhabitants. Athens, Rome, Venice and Paris could scarcely have become what they were without some reflection in the living units of which they were composed of the might and majesty of the whole. Our American cities cannot hope to be equally great, in any but a material sense, until their citizens look upon them with a like passion and loyalty: until the New Yorker, for example, is able to translate "Civis Romanus sum" into its modern and local equipalent.-John J. Fitzgerald in Norman E. Mack's National Monthly.

> Well Governed German Cities, German cities are the best governed in the world. How far apart are the ideas of Germans and Americans on the subject of city government may be seen from reading an advertisement which lately appeared in a number of German papers: * place of mayor of Magdeburg is vacant. The salary is 21,000 marks. (\$5,250) a year, including the rental of a dwelling in the city hall. Besides his salary the incumbent will receive 4,000 marks (\$1,000) for official expenses. Candidates should apply before September 1." Can anyone imagine an American city advertising for a mayor? Can anyone give a good reason why a city should not advertise for a mayor when it needs one? The German idea is that a mu nicipality is a business, to be conducted on business lines. The office mayor is one requiring knowled and skill of a technical, profession character. A man who has prove himself a good mayor in one German town is requestly invited to of Ber.

No Use for Pythagoras. Fuddy-I understand there is s tall: of removing the name of Pytha oras from the front of the Boot public Phrery. Duddy-Why Puedy-Some one has discovered th he wrote: "Have nothing to do beans."

This genius states that he att negs through using the ideas brighter rien."

"And over what humonous lid he preside?"